

New Testament Exegesis..Lecture # 6, p. 2.

4. The Usus Loquendi...the most approved system but necessarily involving all the earlier points
 - a. A full induction needed...varied usage within the full induction merely shows what a complicated matter the whole thing is.
 - b. Remember the following:
 - (1) Words begin with one "fixed" meaning (flesh)
 - (2) Comprehensive meanings undoubtedly develop
 - (3) There is a correspondence in the "fixed" and the "comprehensive" meanings. But that correspondence (in the light of the previous section) may not be readily apparent.
 - (4) Self-definition in context is ideal
 - (5) Full parallel passages constitute best points of study agreement
 - (6) Resultant variants mean that a variant is always possible...the likelihood of it may be considered in the light of context, etc. (angel)
5. The Hapax Legomena--if it is not self-defining, you are in trouble!
6. Comparative value of classical Greek, etc.
7. Use of Greek-augmentations:
 - a. Master the basic ideas of the preposition:
 - (1) motion
 - (2) position
 - (3) cause --or reason
 - b. Master the short affirmative
 - (1) alpha privative
 - (2) augments
 - (3) diminutives

Check: Robertson: Shorter Grammar: The Formation of words.
8. Use of the Lexicon as a guide...not as an end of study or final word of truth.

III. Conclusion:

- A. Word study enormously important and interesting
- B. Must be handled with care
- C. A mistake to think it is superficial or appealing only to those with little Greek.