

Part I.

Section B. Here are some multiple choice questions which I think you should either know or be able to recognize. Don't be scared...but think and you will see that we have really been around this stuff a lot and you know much more than you might think. Only one answer is correct so be careful...and particularly be careful as you read the question. And write your answers in the space at the right.

1. The Participle may be described as:
(a) A verbal noun (b) a preposition (c) a verbal adjective
(d) a periphrastic construction
2. The Mood that suggests uncertainty, doubt or indefinite
--indecisive action is known as the (a) subjunctive
(b) indicative (c) imperative (d) infinitive
3. The action shown by the Aorist tense is best understood
as (a) action completed in the past (b) action to be
completed in the future (c) action completed from the view-
point of the speaker regardless of time (d) action that
began in the past and is still going on.
4. We may say of the Greek verbs that (a) they only indicate
the time of the action (b) they only indicate the variety
or kind of action (c) they indicate both time and kind of
action (d) only context will tell you what the verb is indi-
cating.
5. The reason the Greek Present Middle and Passive may confuse
the reader is the fact that (a) they mean the same thing
(b) they have the same form (c) they have identical endings
with the Active (d) neither can be inflected
6. The difference between the 1st Aorist and the 2nd Aorist is
(a) one of the degree of completeness (b) a matter of form
(c) the second is more emphatic than the first (d) There
really is no difference in structure but it is convenient to
divide the Aorists since there are so many of them
7. Of the infinitive we may say that (a) it is not inflected
(b) it is a verbal adjective (c) it cannot be used to show
purpose (d) it occurs only in the present
8. The Genitive case is used mostly to (a) show relationships
(b) indicate the direct object (c) show possession (d)
indicate the indirect object
9. The occurrence of [!]οὐ in a question indicates that (a) a
negative answer is expected (b) a positive answer is expected
(c) an indecisive or evasive answer is forthcoming (d) you
really don't know what to expect in questions asked like this.