Pinebrook, 2007

## The Church in Historical-Theologicl Perspective

- VI. The Modern Church (Fifth Message)
  - A. Details:

The Period is largely 1700-2000. It is a period that sees great changes in almost every aspect of life and major challenges for the church. Some of the great factors that influence it are:

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- 1. World expansion (finding what the world really is)
- 2. Giant wars and periods of great depression
- 3. Increased ability in communication and travel
- 4. Revivalism (there have always been revivals but....)
- 5. Missionary enterprise
- 6. The "one world" philosophies and these leading to the modern ecumenical movement among the ecclesiastical institutions.
- 7. Progress in science: medicine, cosmology, technology
- B. Scripture: Read the warnings in Acts 20 as well as those in 2 Peter and Jude.
- C. Theological Disputes:
  - 1. Modernism: the attempt to interpret the Bible in the light of present knowledge
  - 2. Liberalism: the attempt to read or interpret the Bible in a nonobligatory way...the text is not binding, we ae "free."
  - 3, Philosophy: Too much for a poor farmer to discuss but the ideas were to find man's path without recourse to a basic truth.
  - 4. Biblical criticism: The study of the Bible to take it apart and discern genuine parts from non-genuine parts (over simplification).
  - 5. Church diversions: How much energy, etc., should be put into societal issues and programs....the role of the social Gospel.
  - 6. The Ecumenical Movement...an attempt to unite "church" bodies in a societal way with little or no regard to doctrine or principle.

4. Biblical gent 5. Church issu 6. The Ecu in a D. Developments:

- 1. Missions: enormous change in movement and maintenance.
- 2. Para-Church work
- 3. Eschatological ferver
- 4. Development of "issue" churches
- 5. The mega-church move and the rebirth of Pentecostalism.
- E. And Message six ... the future church .... wait until another year!