c. In many languages it appears only consonants were written originally..this was true of Hebrew. .and the Semitic family. Vowels were written when it became necessary to keep the full pronounciation of a word.
d. Words were created with these sounds (the uttered words certainly came first) and the sounds became the means of creating new words.
e. Words are classified thus:
(1) primitive words
(2) derivitive words
(3) compound words
(4) borrowed words
(5) created words....
and there is a lot of variety and corrective materials in anything that looks as simple as this. I do not expect students to memorize this sort of material but they should know that they have seen it!
2. On the History of Hebrew:
a. The Semitic family
b. The earliest literary forms:
c. Development of writing
d. Word divisions and arrangements
e. Consonants and vowels
f. Varieites of Hebrew: ancient and modern.
g. Modern and Biblical Hebrew today

