

--So we note happily that Hebrew words are singular as

סוּס "horse"

or plural as

סוּסִים "horses"

and the feminine counterparts are on page 33.

--But there is a dual ending that is .

--So here is סוּסִים one horse

סוּסִים two horses!

The vowel placed before the dual ending must be learned by observation...

The dual ending is regularly used with words that are normal pairs... "feet" "ears" etc. and it is readily discernible from the masculine plural but you must look!

There are a few special number forms I will discuss in class... the majestic plural, etc. Terms you need to hear... they show up in commentaries, sermons, and class discussions!

D. A fast word about adjectives

I know they are not nouns but this is a good place to begin a discussion of them.

1. Adjectives are words that modify nouns, pronouns, and other adjectives
2. As such they must agree in number, gender with the word(s) they modify.

(Note this is not true with the "numbers"... three, four, etc., etc., and they are governed by special rules)

3. By definition, adjectives are one of the following