

Hebrews 6:13. 7:1, 2. 4; 11:8,17

James 2:21; 2:23

1 Peter 3:6...

Somehow I missed the Gospel section on Abraham. Not sure how I did it, but work backwards from the passage of John 8:39-40 and note how Abraham is cited in keeping with these other examples (Note 8:58).

And there are many others although none used so much as these...

b. Events:

There is almost no end to this category so I will merely note a few of those with which I am most familiar:

- (1) The wilderness wanderings: Hebrews 3, 1 Corinthians 10, 2 Corinthians 3
- (2) Creation
- (3) Giving of the Law, Hebrews 10
- (4) Establishment of the priesthood, Hebrews 5
- (5) The steps of the sacred History: Acts 7, 13

These events fortify or enforce the concepts given in the general statement of Romans 15:4

c. Ideals:

A bit harder to identify but no less important:

- (1) Be ye holy..as the Lord is holy 1 Peter 1
- (2) The Living Sacrifice...Romans 12
- (3) The Beatitudes...Matthew 5

6. In Conclusion:

Almost all parts of the New Testament revelation show a known dependence on what had been written before. This is part of the unity and consistency of Scripture.