

### A. Some notes on the Hebrew Pronouns

The following classes of pronouns are treated in this lesson:

- personal pronouns
- personal pronoun nominal suffixes
- personal pronoun verbal suffixes
- interrogative pronouns
- demonstrative pronouns
- relative pronouns

We will discuss these in broad detail and add some of them to your vocabulary assignment..as you may have noticed we have already included some of these.

1. The Personal Pronouns (not attached to other words...serving as independent units in the sentence)

	SINGULAR		PLURAL
1.	אֲנִי or אֲנֹכִי	"I"	אֲנֵנו or אַנְּחֵנו "we"
2.	אַתָּה	"you" (masc)	אַתֶּם "you" (masc)
	אַתְּ	"you" (fem)	אַתֶּן "you" (fem)
3.	הוא	"he" (masc)	הֵמָּה "they" (masc)
	היא	"she" (fem)	הֵנָּה "they" (fem)

These are seen as proper nouns and are always definite.

2. Pronoun (nominal) suffixes:

These are joined to the stem of words by helping vowels learned through observation. They are:

	SINGULAR		PLURAL
1.	י	"me" "my"	נו "ours""us"